

FASTest® CPV Ab / CDV Ab ad us. vet. FASTest® CDV-CPV Ab ad us. vet.

Specific antibody and vaccination diagnostics

Fast test for the **qualitative** detection of antibodies against **Canine Parvovirus** or **Distempervirus** antibodies in whole blood, plasma or serum of the dog

TiterCheck – determination of the protective status

Core vaccination requirements

TiterCheck

Response to Primary Course Vaccination

TiterCheck before revaccination (adverse vaccination event)

TiterCheck

Management of disease outbreaks in shelters

Annual health check concept







- Simple test procedure with whole blood, plasma or serum
- Fast test interpretation after 10 minutes
- Reliable clinical diagnostics
- Sensitivity Specificity
 CPV Ab 99.9% 94.0%

CDV Ab 99.9% 94.0% 99.8%

- Storage at room temperature (15–25 °C)
- Long shelf life
- Compact test box with 2 or 10 tests

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Antibodies (Ab) are basic modules of the humoral immune response. They are passed by passively via the colostrum as so-called maternal antibodies (mAb) onto the yet immunoincompetent newborns or induced actively by natural field infection or vaccination. The ab titre is varying individually in each animal, depending on multiple factors. The titre can persist over an ex-tended period of time, partially lifelong, in efficient protection concentration (= reliable immunity by protective abs) or can fall below the efficient protection concentration (non-reliable immunity) in the course of time. Depending on presence or NON-presence of abs in the sample, the veterinarian can make a quick and reliable decision regarding the necessity of "vaccination or not?" in the following questions.

According to the opinion of the German Standing Vaccination Commission for Veterinary Medicine (StlKo Vet) on Ab testing*, after active immunization and/or field infection (active immune response with Ab formation), every titre is protective or no titre is an indication for immediate vaccination.

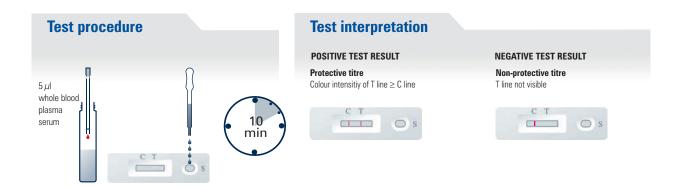
Testing of field-infected or completely vaccinated animals

- before planned routine vaccination ("titre check")

Testing of puppies

- 1. to estimate the appropriate point in time for the first immunization (1st primary immunization): Screening using **FASTest® CPV** Ab/**FASTest® CDV** Ab is possible. According to the StIKo Vet statement, semi-quantitative rapid test results should be confirmed using SN titre (CDV) or HAI (CPV) in order to determine the quantitative titre.
- 2. to determine the optimal vaccination time point of a litter, it is possible to determine the maternal ab status representatively for the other puppies (so-called "fraternal ab titre"). For this purpose, a **FASTest® CPV** Ab/**FASTest® CDV** Ab **must be performed on at least two randomly selected puppies per litter**.
- 3. to check the success of a basic immunization as early as possible from the 6th month of life.

Being fast, safe and reliable, for pet owner and breeder these important questions can be answered practically by **FASTest® CPV** Ab/**FASTest® CPV** Ab/**FASTest® CPV** Ab. This enables the veterinarian an appropriate and customized vaccination diagnostics and strategy, adapted to dog and pet owner.



After positive antigen detection via **FASTest® PARVO** Strip and/or **FASTest® DISTEMPER** Strip, by application of **FASTest® CPV** Ab and/or **FASTest® CDV** Ab the antibody status of the diseased animal can be determined. This gives knowledge to the veterinarian about the immune status of the animal and therefore a better prognostic valuation of the further course of disease. And, what's more, the combined diagnostics alleviates the decision of therapy.



Distribution:

